

**ROAD TRAFFIC ACT
(CHAPTER 68)**

**ROAD TRAFFIC (PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS)
REGULATIONS**

S 45/2002

REVISED EDITION 2022

SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

ROAD TRAFFIC (PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS) REGULATIONS

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SCHEDULE — PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS

SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

Regulations made under sections 81A and 93

ROAD TRAFFIC (PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS) REGULATIONS

Commencement: 17th August 2002

Citation

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Road Traffic (Pedestrian Crossings) Regulations.

Interpretation

2. In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, “pedestrian crossing” means any crossing established for the use of pedestrians on a road, subway or an overhead bridge indicated by traffic signs, road markings or otherwise as shown in any of the diagrams in Part 1 of the Schedule.

Pedestrians to use crossings

3. (1) Except as provided in regulation 4, any pedestrian who is within 50 metres of either side of a pedestrian crossing shall make use of such pedestrian crossing for the purpose of crossing the road.

(2) The limits of the 50 metres distance on either side of a pedestrian crossing referred to in sub-regulation (1) shall be indicated by traffic signs prominently displayed and as shown in the diagram in Part 2 of the Schedule.

(3) Where a pedestrian crossing is designated by two parallel white lines drawn across the road at a junction or an intersection, a pedestrian shall cross parallel with the flow of vehicular traffic, and where a pedestrian crossing is designated by a signalised traffic sign, a pedestrian shall only cross when the green man in the signalised traffic signal is illuminated.

(4) Where a railing or other similar structure has been built or erected on the edge of a pavement or grass verge alongside one side of a road or on a road divider, no person shall climb over, crawl underneath or go through such railing or structure or any gap therein to cross to the opposite side of the road or for any other purpose.

[Subsidiary]

Exemptions

4. The following persons shall be exempted from regulation 3(1) where a pedestrian crossing is an overhead bridge —

(a) a person who has not the complete use of either one or both of his legs; and

(b) a person who has been certified by a registered medical practitioner to be suffering from a heart disease or any other ailment or defect to such an extent or degree that it may dangerously affect his health or physical condition if he were to use an overhead bridge.

Precedence for pedestrians

5. The driver of a vehicle who is in the process of turning his vehicle at a road intersection or junction where there is a pedestrian crossing shall stop his vehicle in order to give way to any pedestrian who is either crossing or is starting to cross the intersection or junction.

Vehicle approaching crossing to slow down

6. The driver of every vehicle approaching a pedestrian crossing shall, unless he can see that there is no pedestrian thereon, proceed at such speed as will enable him to stop his vehicle before reaching such crossing.

Precedence for pedestrian at uncontrolled crossing

7. The driver of every vehicle at, or approaching, a pedestrian crossing where traffic is not for the time being controlled by a police officer or by light signals shall allow free and uninterrupted passage to any pedestrian who is either crossing or is starting to cross a road and every pedestrian shall have precedence over all vehicular traffic at such crossing.

Precedence for pedestrian at controlled crossing

8. Wherever there is a pedestrian crossing at a road intersection or junction where traffic is controlled by light signals or by a police officer, every pedestrian who is about to enter or has entered such crossing shall be permitted free and uninterrupted passage over such crossing by all drivers of vehicles who are approaching such crossing, notwithstanding that such drivers may have already received a signal to proceed either from such light signals or police officer, as the case may be.

Pedestrians to cross in direction of moving traffic

9. At all intersections or junctions when traffic is controlled by light signals or by a police officer, pedestrians may cross the road in the same direction as the moving traffic

but shall not cross in any other direction unless they are able to do so without interfering with the lawful movement of traffic.

No vehicle to stop on any pedestrian crossing

10. No driver of any vehicle shall cause such vehicle or any part thereof to stop upon any pedestrian crossing unless either —

(a) he is prevented from proceeding by circumstances beyond his control;
or

(b) it is necessary for him to stop in order to avoid an accident.

Pedestrians not to remain on crossing

11. No pedestrian shall remain upon any pedestrian crossing longer than is necessary for the purpose of passing from one side of the road to the other.

Pedestrians not crossing at pedestrian crossing to yield to traffic

12. (1) Every pedestrian, when crossing a road, shall do so by the most direct route to the opposite side, and when crossing at any place other than a pedestrian crossing shall yield the right of way to all vehicles.

(2) No person shall stand, sit, squat, loiter, walk or run on a road in such a manner or in such a position as to interfere with the lawful movement of traffic.

Offences

13. Any person who contravenes any of these Regulations is guilty of an offence and liable on conviction —

(a) if the offence was committed by him in his capacity as the driver of a vehicle, to a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 months and, in the case of a second and subsequent offence, to a fine not exceeding \$2,000, imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or both;

(b) in any other case, to a fine not exceeding \$500.

SCHEDULE

(regulations 2 and 3(2))

PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS

PART 1

Information Sign

DIAGRAM NO. 1

PEDESTRIAN CROSSING



The sign informs pedestrians and drivers of the position of a designated pedestrian crossing

DIAGRAM NO. 2

PEDESTRIAN CROSSING AHEAD



The sign may be used in conjunction with supplementary plates

SCHEDULE

PART 1 — (continued)

DIAGRAM NO. 3

RED MAN/GREEN MAN

TRAFFIC SIGNALS INDICATING PEDESTRIAN CROSSING



THE RED MAN SIGNAL

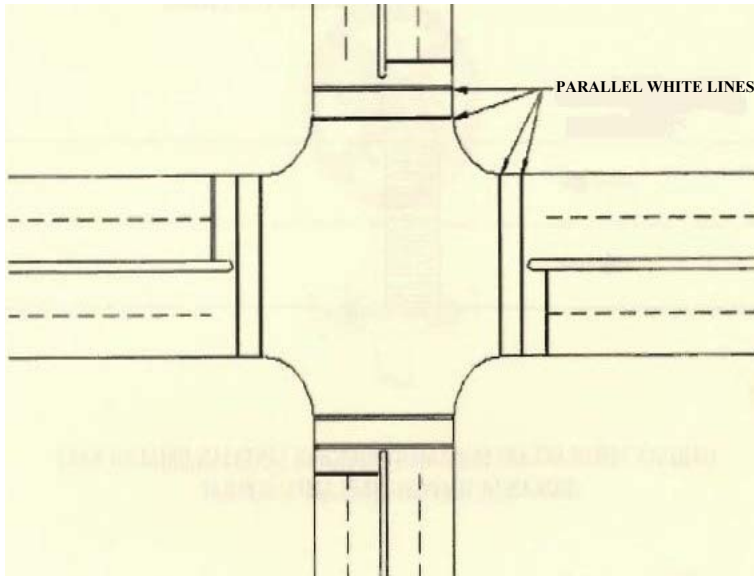


THE GREEN MAN SIGNAL

SCHEDULE

PART 1 — (continued)

DIAGRAM NO. 4

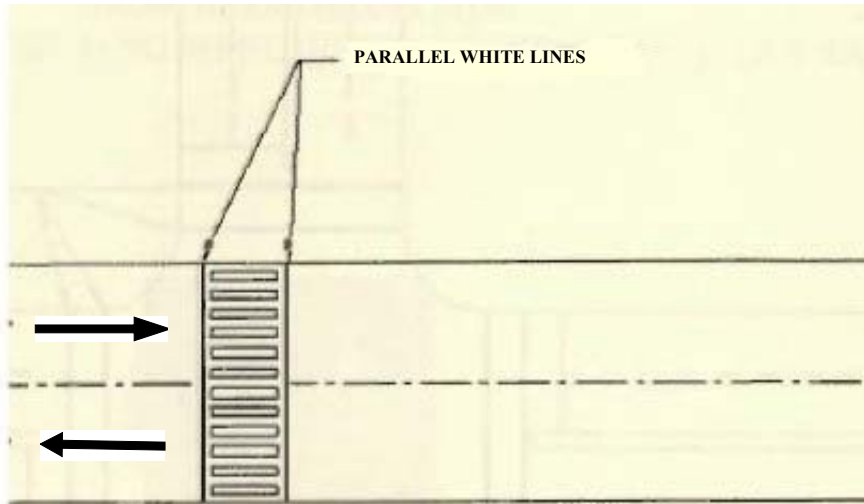


PARALLEL WHITE LINES INDICATING PEDESTRIAN CROSSING
AT A SIGNALISED JUNCTION

SCHEDULE

PART 1 — (continued)

DIAGRAM NO. 5



PARALLEL WHITE LINES INDICATING PEDESTRIAN CROSSING
NOT AT A SIGNALISED JUNCTION

[Subsidiary]

SCHEDULE — *(continued)*

PART 2



Sign prohibiting crossing of road within 50 metres
of either side of a pedestrian crossing